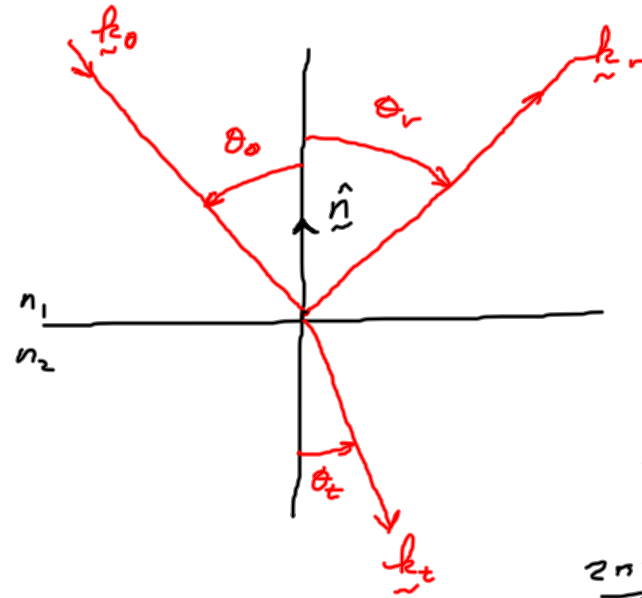


1/22/10

POLARIZATION AND FRESNEL EQUATIONS

①

INTERFACE BETWEEN TRANSPARENT MEDIA WITH DIFFERENT  $n$



$\vec{k}_0$  - PROPAGATION VECTOR  
 $\vec{r}$  - LOCATION

$$\vec{k}_0 \cdot \vec{r} \pm \omega_0 t + \varphi_0$$

$$\frac{2\pi z_0}{\lambda_0} ; |\vec{k}_0| = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda'} = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda_0/n_1} = \frac{2\pi n_1}{\lambda_0}$$

(1) MACROSCOPIC EFFECTS

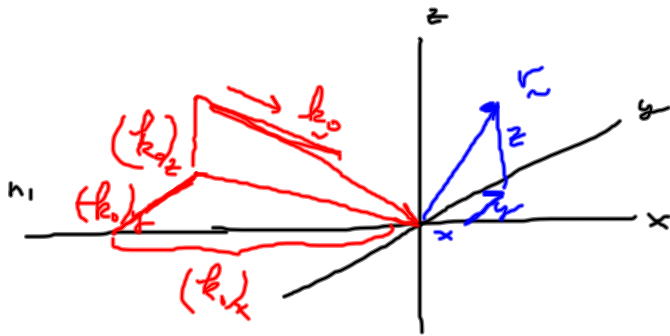
SNELL'S LAW

(2) MICROSCOPIC EFFECTS  $\Rightarrow$  REFLECTANCE & TRANSMISSION COEFFICIENTS

FRESNEL'S EQUATIONS

(ORIENTATION OF E FIELD)

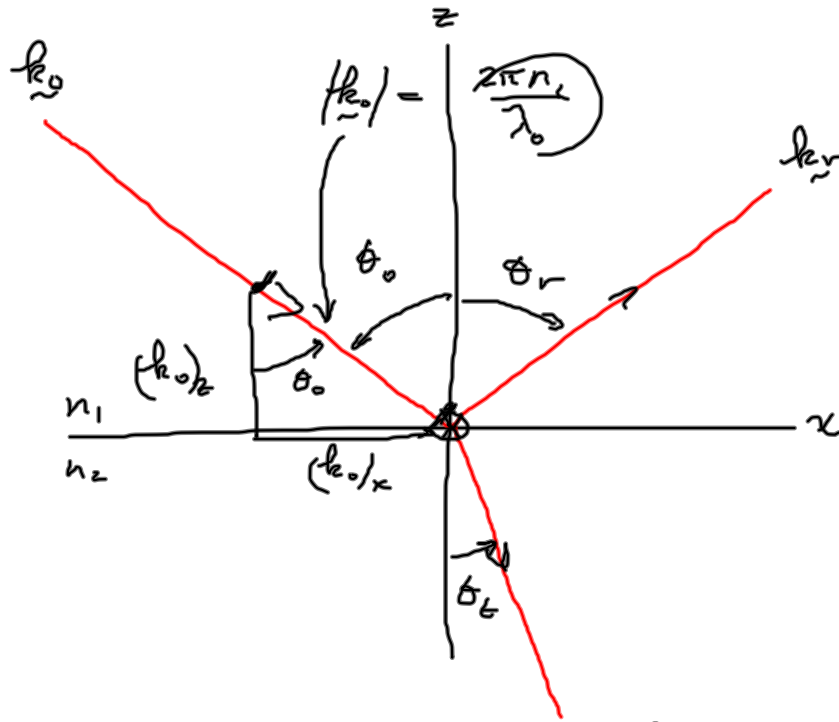
1/22 - ②



$$|\vec{k}_0| = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda_0/n_1} = \frac{2\pi n_1}{\lambda_0}$$

PHASE EVALUATED AT  $\vec{r} = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$  IS  $\vec{k}_0 \cdot \vec{r} - \omega_0 t + \varphi_0$

$$\begin{bmatrix} (k_0)_x \\ (k_0)_y \\ (k_0)_z \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} - \omega_0 t + \varphi_0 = (k_0)_x x + (k_0)_y y + (k_0)_z z - \omega_0 t + \varphi_0$$



$$\vec{k}_i = \begin{bmatrix} (k_0)_z \\ 0 \\ (k_0)_x \end{bmatrix} \quad 1/22 - (3)$$

$$(k_0)_x = (k_r)_x = (k_t)_x$$

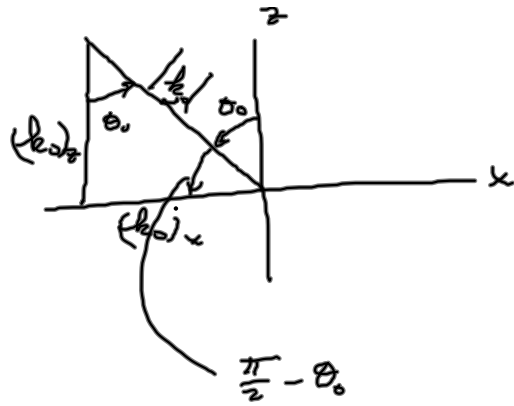
$$(k_0)_y = 0$$

MATCH PHASES AT  $z=0 \Rightarrow (k_0 \cdot \underline{r} - \omega_0 t) \Big|_{z=0} = (k_r \cdot \underline{r} - \omega_0 t + \varphi_r) \Big|_{z=0}$

$$= (k_t \cdot \underline{r} - \omega_0 t + \varphi_t) \Big|_{z=0}$$

$$(k_0 \cdot \underline{r}) \Big|_{z=0} = (k_r \cdot \underline{r} + \varphi_r) \Big|_{z=0} = (k_t \cdot \underline{r} + \varphi_t) \Big|_{z=0}$$

NUMBER OF WAVES PER UNIT LENGTH MUST BE EQUAL FOR ALL THREE



1/22-14

$$(k_0)_x = |k_0| \sin \theta_0 = \frac{2\pi n_1}{\lambda_0} \sin \theta_0$$

$$(k_0)_z = |k_0| \cos \theta_0 = \frac{2\pi n_1}{\lambda_0} \cos \theta_0$$

$$(k_r)_x = |k_r| \sin \theta_r = \frac{2\pi n_1}{\lambda_0} \sin \theta_r$$

$$(k_r)_z = \frac{2\pi n_1}{\lambda_0} \cos \theta_r$$

$$(k_t)_x = |k_t| \sin \theta_t = \frac{2\pi n_2}{\lambda_0} \sin \theta_t$$

$$(k_t)_z = |k_t| \cos \theta_t = \frac{2\pi n_2}{\lambda_0} \cos \theta_t$$

$$(k_0)_x = (k_r)_x \Rightarrow \frac{2\pi n_1}{\lambda_0} \sin \theta_0 = \frac{2\pi n_1}{\lambda_0} \sin \theta_r \Rightarrow \sin \theta_0 = \sin \theta_r$$

$\theta_0 = -\theta_r$  Snell's Law for Reflection

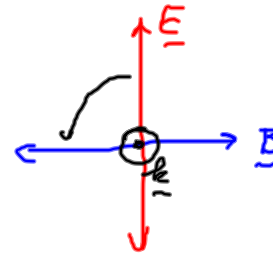
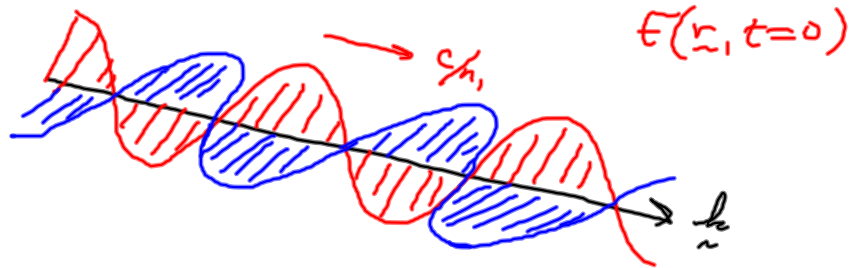
1/22 - 8

$$(\underline{k}_o)_x = (\underline{k}_t)_x \Rightarrow \frac{2\pi n_1}{\lambda_0} \sin \theta_o = \frac{2\pi n_2}{\lambda_0} \sin \theta_t$$

$$\Rightarrow n_1 \sin \theta_o = n_2 \sin \theta_t$$

SNELL'S LAW FOR REFLECTION

ORIENTATION OF INCIDENT FIELDS



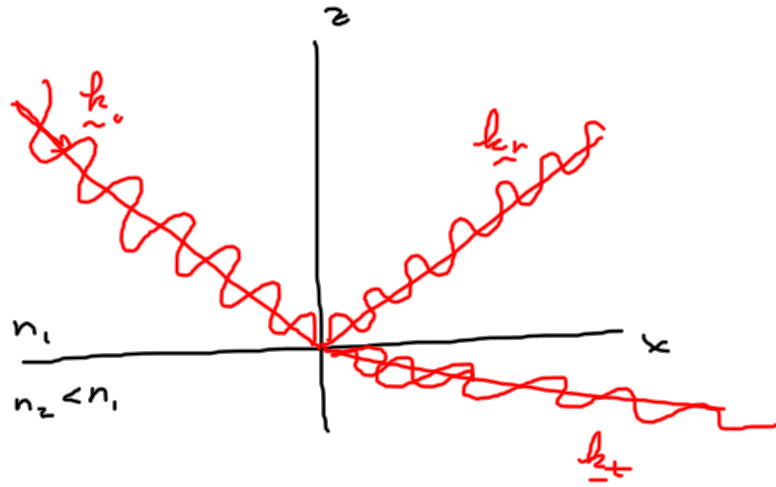
POLARIZATION DETERMINED BY  $\underline{E}$

~~$$\underline{F} = q \underline{E} + \frac{q}{c} (\underline{v} \times \underline{B})$$~~

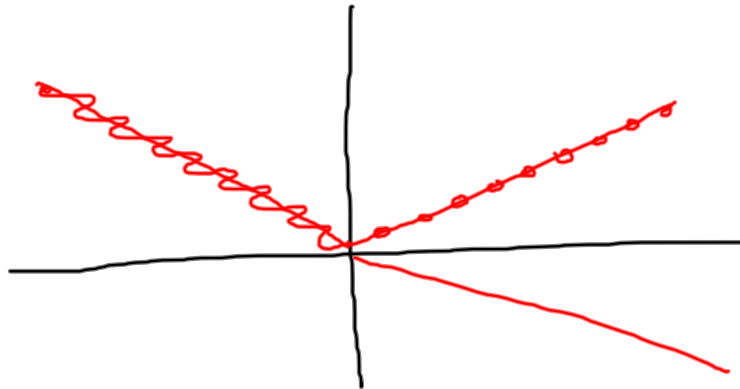
$$\underline{F} = q \underline{E} + \frac{q}{c} (\underline{v} \times \underline{B})$$

$$|\underline{F}| \gg \left| \frac{q}{c} (\underline{v} \times \underline{B}) \right|$$

LORENTZ FORCE



$\vec{E}$  OSCILLATES  
 IN PLANE OF PAPER  
 IN PLANE OF INCIDENCE:  
 TRANSVERSE MAGNETIC TM (JAGGSON)  
 $\parallel E_{\parallel}$   
 P POLARIZATION  $E_p$



$\vec{E}$  OSCILLATES PERPENDICULAR  
 TO PLANE OF INCIDENCE  
 TE TRANSVERSE ELECTRIC,  $E_{TE}$   
 $\perp E_{\perp}$   
 S POLARIZATION  $E_s$

MATCH BOUNDARY CONDITIONS ON  $\underline{E}$  AND  $\underline{B}$  AT INTERFACE 1/22 - (7)

MAXWELL'S EQUATIONS

$$\underbrace{\underline{E}, \underline{B}}_{\text{VACUUM}}, \underbrace{\underline{D}, \underline{H}}_{\text{MATERIALS}}$$

$$\underline{D} = \epsilon \underline{E}$$

↑ PERMITTIVITY

$$\underline{B} = \mu \underline{H}$$

↑ PERMEABILITY

↓ CHARGE DENSITY

$$(1) \nabla \cdot \underline{D} = \nabla \cdot \epsilon \underline{E} = \rho$$

$$(2) \nabla \cdot \underline{B} = 0$$

$$(3) \nabla \times \underline{E} \propto -\frac{\partial \underline{B}}{\partial t}$$

FARADAY'S

$$(4) \nabla \times \underline{B} \propto +\frac{\partial \underline{E}}{\partial t}$$

AMPERE'S LAW

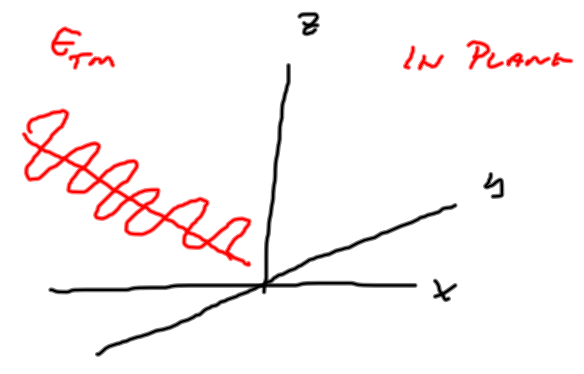
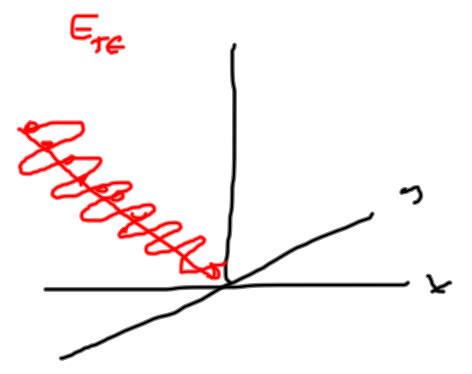
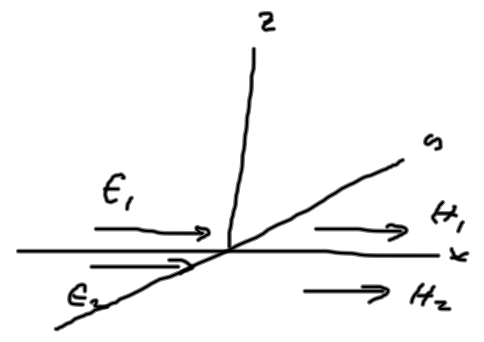
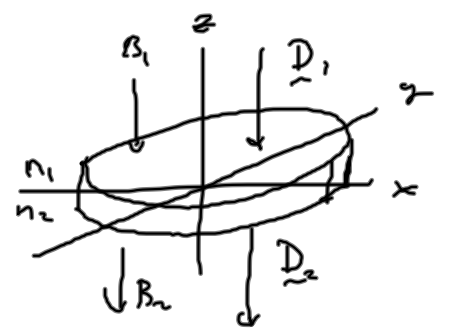
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$$\nabla \cdot \underline{D} \equiv \frac{\partial D_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial D_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial D_z}{\partial z}$$

$$\nabla \times \underline{E} = \begin{pmatrix} \hat{x} \left( \frac{\partial E_z}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial z} \right) + \dots \\ \hat{y} \left( \frac{\partial E_x}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial E_z}{\partial x} \right) + \dots \\ \hat{z} \left( \frac{\partial E_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial E_x}{\partial y} \right) + \dots \end{pmatrix}$$

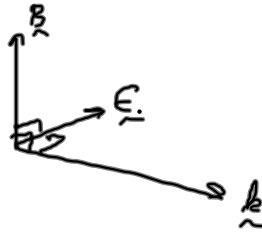
1/22 - (8)

MATCH NORMAL COMPONENTS OF  $\underline{D} = \epsilon \underline{E}$  AND  $\underline{B}$   
 TANGENTIAL COMPONENTS OF  $\underline{E}$  AND  $\underline{H} = \frac{\underline{B}}{\mu}$



1/22 (9)

$$\underline{E} \perp \underline{B} \perp \underline{k} \perp \underline{E}$$



$$\underline{E} \times \underline{B} = \underline{k}$$

$$\frac{n}{c} \underline{k} \times \underline{E} = \underline{B}$$

$$r_{TE}(\theta = 0) = \frac{n_1 - n_2}{n_1 + n_2}$$

Normal

$$r_{TE}(\theta) = \frac{n_1 \cos \theta_0 - n_2 \cos \theta_t}{n_1 \cos \theta_0 + n_2 \cos \theta_t}$$

$$t_{TE} = 1 - r_{TE}$$

$$R_{TE} = \text{REFLECTANCE FOR INCIDENT POWER} = \left( \frac{1 - 1.5}{1 + 1.5} \right)^2 = (0.2)^2 = 0.04$$