

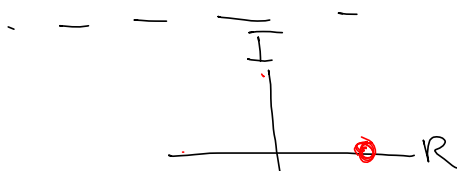
$$\begin{matrix} \tilde{A} & \tilde{x} & = & \tilde{b} \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ & f(x) & & g(x) \\ \uparrow & & & \\ x & h(x) & & \end{matrix}$$

IF \tilde{A} IS CIRCULANT

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha_0 & \beta_0 & \gamma_0 & \delta_0 \\ \delta_0 & \alpha_0 & \beta_0 & \gamma_0 \\ \gamma_0 & \delta_0 & \alpha_0 & \beta_0 \\ \beta_0 & \gamma_0 & \delta_0 & \alpha_0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_0 \\ \delta_0 \\ \gamma_0 \\ \beta_0 \end{bmatrix}$$

\uparrow $\delta(x)$ \uparrow $h(x)$

$$\tilde{A} \tilde{x} = \tilde{b}$$



$$f(x) \otimes h(x) = g(x)$$

$$\tilde{A} \tilde{x} = \tilde{b}$$

$$\tilde{A} \tilde{x}' = \tilde{b}'$$

$$H(\xi) \cdot F(\xi) = \begin{pmatrix} b_0 & 0 \\ 0 & \alpha_0 \beta_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dots \\ \dots \\ \dots \\ \dots \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \beta_0 \\ \alpha_0 \\ \delta_0 \\ \gamma_0 \end{bmatrix}$$

\uparrow $\delta(x-1)$ \uparrow $h(x-1)$

$$\tilde{x}_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} ; \xi = 0$$

$$\tilde{x}_1 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ i \\ -1 \\ -i \end{pmatrix} ; \xi = \frac{1}{4} \text{ cycle pixel}$$

$$\tilde{D} = \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{x}_0 & \tilde{x}_1 & \tilde{x}_2 & \tilde{x}_3 \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \end{pmatrix} ; \tilde{D}^{-1} = \tilde{D}^*$$

$$\tilde{x}' = \tilde{D}^{-1} \tilde{x} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}\{f(x)\} = F(\xi)$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{LSI} \\
 f(x) * h(x) = g(x) \\
 \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \uparrow \\
 F(\xi) \cdot H(\xi) = G(\xi)
 \end{array}$$

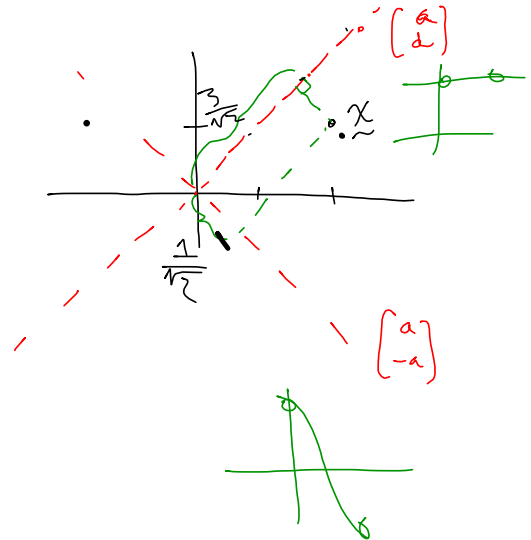
$$\int f(x) \left(e^{+i2\pi\xi x} \right)^x dx = F(\xi)$$

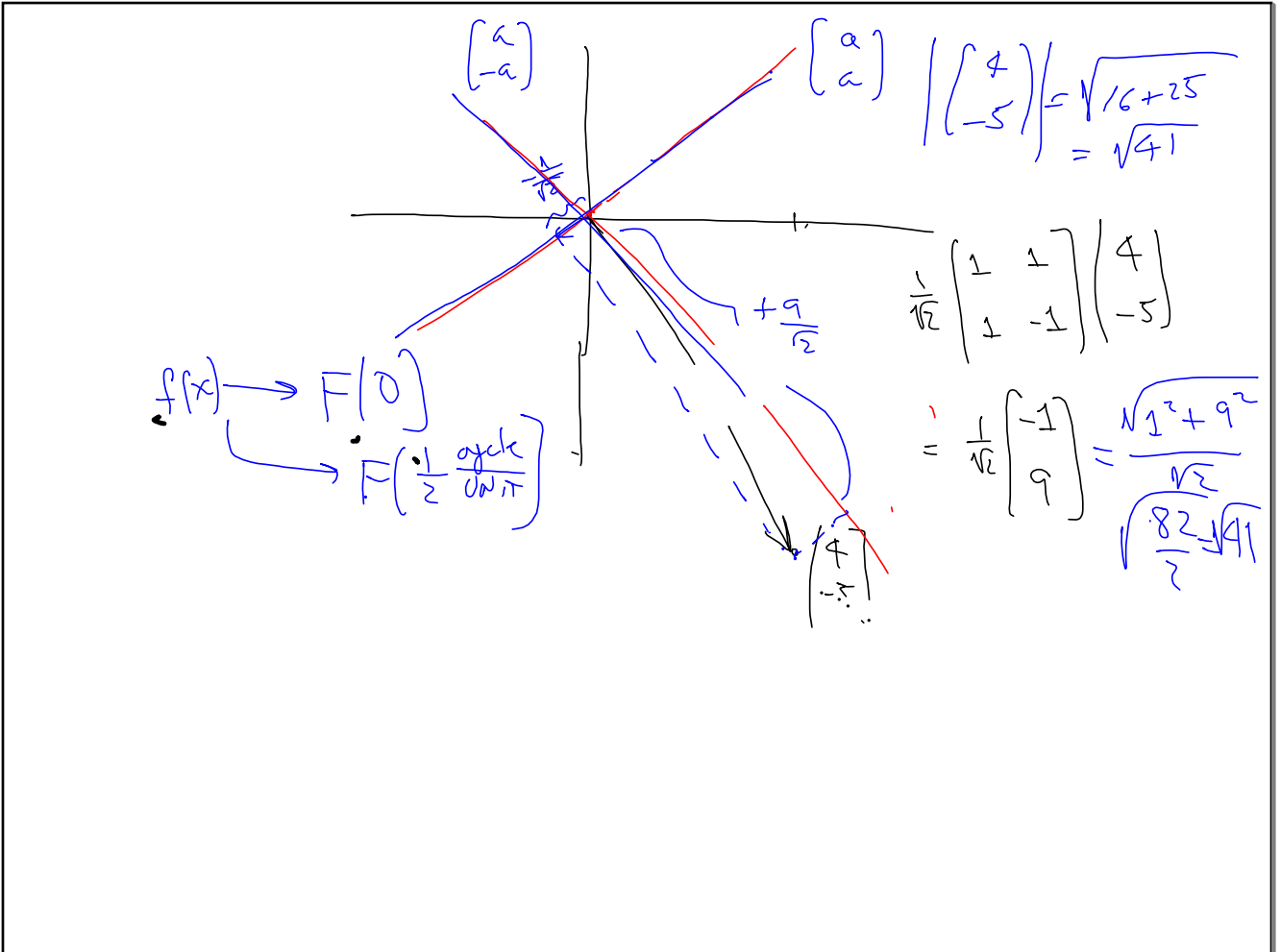
$$\underline{\underline{A}} \underline{\underline{x}} = \underline{\underline{b}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{A}} \underline{\underline{x}}' = \underline{\underline{b}}'$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

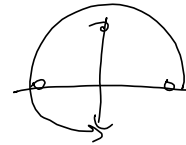
$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$





$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -i & -1 & +i \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & +i & -1 & -i \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x' \\ 6/2 \\ \frac{1}{2}(-1-3i) \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{2}(-1+3i) \end{pmatrix}$$

$f(x)$ $F(\xi)$



$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} i \\ i \\ -1 \\ -i \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

1

1

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{-i2\pi s x} dx = F(s)$$

$$\left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{-i\pi \left(\frac{x}{\alpha_0}\right)^2} dx \right) \propto e^{+i\pi \left(\frac{x}{\alpha_0}\right)^2}$$

$$\alpha_0 = \sqrt{x_0 z_1}$$

$$e^{-i\pi \left(\frac{x}{\alpha_0}\right)^2} \Big|_{x \rightarrow \alpha_0^2 s} = F\left(\frac{x}{\alpha_0^2}\right)$$

$$f(x) = \delta(x - x_0) \rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(x - x_0) e^{-i2\pi s x} dx = F(s)$$

(1) $\delta(x - x_0) e^{-i\pi \frac{x^2}{\alpha_0^2}} = \delta(x - x_0) e^{-i\pi \frac{x_0^2}{\alpha_0^2}}$

(2) $f(x) \delta(x - x_0) = f(x_0) \delta(x - x_0)$

$$e^{-i\pi \frac{x_0^2}{\alpha_0^2}} \left[\delta(x - x_0) + e^{+i\pi \frac{x^2}{\alpha_0^2}} \right] = e^{-i\pi \frac{x_0^2}{\alpha_0^2}} \left(e^{+i\pi \frac{(x - x_0)^2}{\alpha_0^2}} \right)$$

(3) $\left(e^{-i\pi \frac{x_0^2}{\alpha_0^2}} + e^{+i\pi \frac{(x - x_0)^2}{\alpha_0^2}} \right) \cdot e^{-i\pi \frac{x^2}{\alpha_0^2}}$

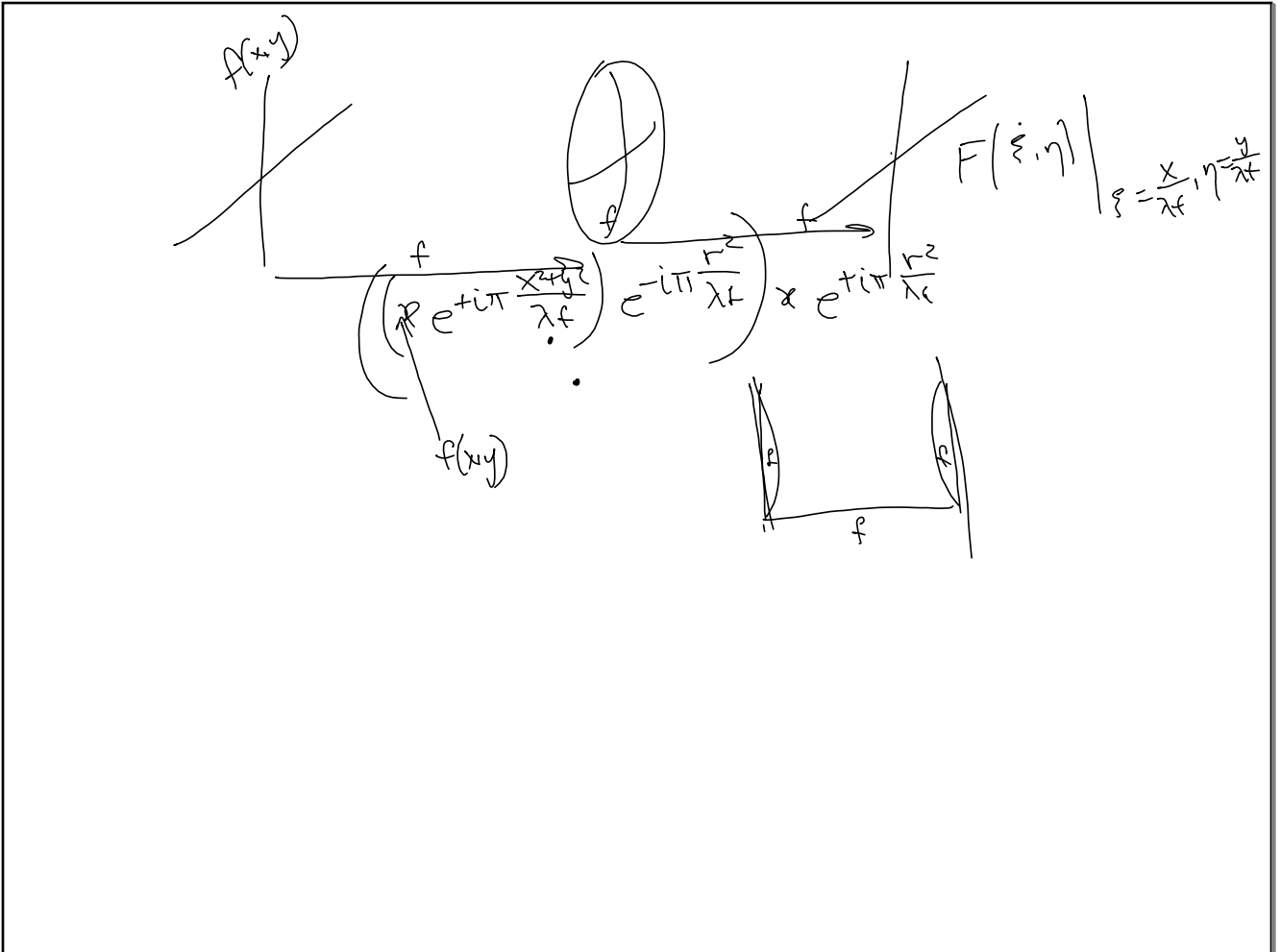
$$e^{-i\pi \frac{x_0^2}{\alpha_0^2}} e^{+i\pi \frac{x^2 + x_0^2 - 2xx_0}{\alpha_0^2}} e^{-i\pi \frac{x^2}{\alpha_0^2}}$$

$$e^{-i\pi \frac{x_0^2}{\alpha_0^2}} e^{+i\pi \frac{x_0^2}{\alpha_0^2}} e^{+i\pi \frac{-2xx_0}{\alpha_0^2}} e^{-i\pi \frac{x^2}{\alpha_0^2}}$$

$$e^{-i\pi \frac{x_0^2}{\alpha_0^2}} e^{-i2\pi \frac{xx_0}{\alpha_0^2}} e^{-i\pi \frac{x^2}{\alpha_0^2}}$$

$$e^{-i2\pi \frac{x \cdot x_0}{\alpha_0^2}} = F\left(s = \frac{x}{\alpha_0^2}\right)$$

$$e^{-i2\pi s x_0}$$



$$\omega(\xi) = \frac{1}{H(\xi)} = \frac{H^*(\xi)}{|H(\xi)|^2}$$

$$\omega(x) = \mathcal{F}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{H(\xi)}\right\} = \mathcal{F}^{-1}\{H^*(\xi)\} * \mathcal{F}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{H(\xi)}\right\}$$

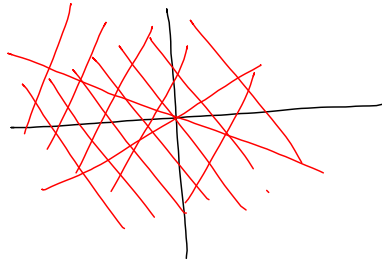
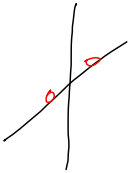
$$= h^*(-x) * \mathcal{F}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{|H(\xi)|^2}\right\}$$

$$f(x) * h(x) + n(x) = g(x)$$

$$\omega(\xi) = \frac{|F(\xi)|^2 H^*(\xi)}{|F(\xi)|^2 |H(\xi)|^2 + |N(\xi)|^2}$$

$$\frac{|F(\xi)|^2}{|F(\xi)|^2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{|F(\xi)|^2}$$

$$\Phi_F(\xi)$$



$$(\delta(x+x_0) + \delta(x-x_0)) \cdot e^{+i\pi \frac{x^2}{a_0^2}}$$

$$e^{+i\pi \frac{(x+x_0)^2}{a_0^2}} + e^{+i\pi \frac{(x-x_0)^2}{a_0^2}} \quad (\text{I2})$$

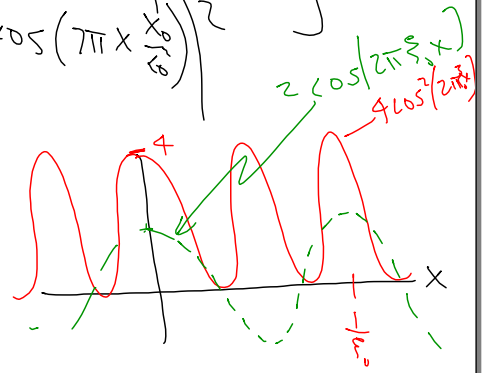
$$e^{+i\pi \frac{x^2+x_0^2+2xx_0}{a_0^2}} + e^{+i\pi \frac{x^2+x_0^2-2xx_0}{a_0^2}}$$

$$e^{+i\pi \frac{x^2}{a_0^2}} e^{+i\pi \frac{x_0^2}{a_0^2}} e^{+i2\pi \frac{xx_0}{a_0^2}} + e^{+i\pi \frac{x^2}{a_0^2}} e^{+i\pi \frac{x_0^2}{a_0^2}} e^{-i2\pi \frac{xx_0}{a_0^2}}$$

$$e^{+i\pi \frac{x^2}{a_0^2}} e^{+i\pi \frac{x_0^2}{a_0^2}} \left[e^{+i2\pi \frac{xx_0}{a_0^2}} + e^{-i2\pi \frac{xx_0}{a_0^2}} \right]$$

$$e^{+i\pi \frac{x^2}{a_0^2}} e^{+i\pi \frac{x_0^2}{a_0^2}} \cdot \left[2 \cos\left(2\pi x \frac{x_0}{a_0^2}\right) \right]$$

$$= 4 \cos^2\left(2\pi x \frac{x_0}{a_0^2}\right)$$



$$\cos A \cos B$$

$$\cos(A-B) = \cos A \cos B + \sin A \sin B$$

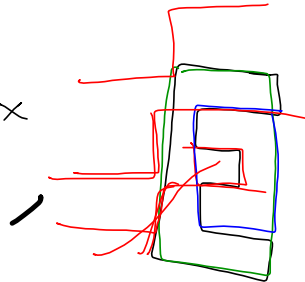
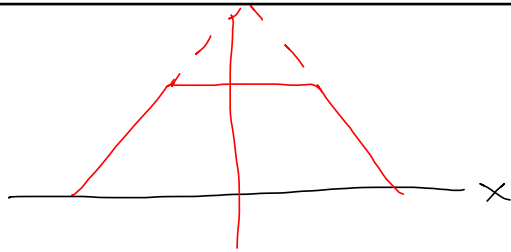
$$\cos(A+B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A-B) + \cos(A+B) = 2 \cos A \cos B$$

$$\cos(2\pi x) + \cos(6\pi x) = 2 \cos(4\pi x) \cos(2\pi x)$$

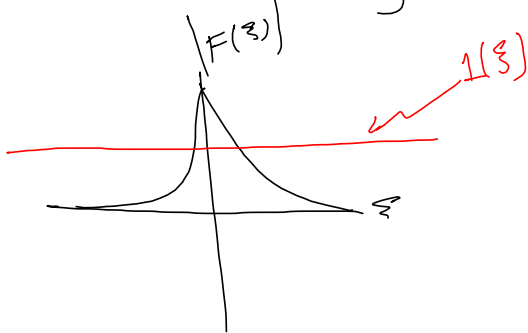
$$A-B = 2\pi x \quad A = 4\pi x$$

$$A+B = 6\pi x \quad B = 2\pi x$$



$$|F(\xi)| = O(\xi)$$

$$f(x) = O(x)$$



$$|F(\xi)| \rightarrow 1(\xi)$$

$$\phi_F(\xi)$$

$$1(\xi) e^{i\phi_F(\xi)} \xrightarrow{f^{-1}}$$

$$|F(\xi)| e^{i \cdot 0} \xrightarrow{f^{-1}}$$