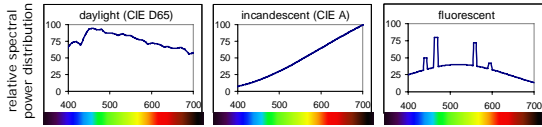


Light Sources

Sources are described by *spectral power distributions*: measure of power emitted at each wavelength (color)

While humans adapt to each illuminant, white light includes energy across the "entire" spectrum



All three spectra perceived as "white"

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Imaging Chain: Energy Source

■ How is Light Generated?

- Thermal emission = motion of atoms and molecules
 - ▶ Emits "broadband" radiation
 - incandescent lights
- Atomic "transitions" = changes of state of electrons
 - ▶ emits or absorbs narrow bands of light
 - fluorescent lights
 - lasers
 - Light-emitting diodes (LEDs)

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Imaging Chain: Energy Source

■ Examples include:

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ■ Sun (and other stars) | ■ Electroluminescent displays |
| ■ Incandescent bulbs | ■ LEDs |
| ■ X-ray sources | ■ Bioluminescent animals |
| ■ Ultrasound transducers | ■ Candles |
| ■ Explosive charges | ■ People |
| ■ Phosphors | ■ Radio transmitters |
| ■ Fluorescent bulbs | ■ Arc (e.g., carbon theatre lights) |
| ■ Excited gas (e.g., neon) | ■ Toaster heating elements |
| ■ Electronic flash (strobe) | ■ Radioactive materials |
| | ■ Ultrasound transducer |
| | ■ ... |

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